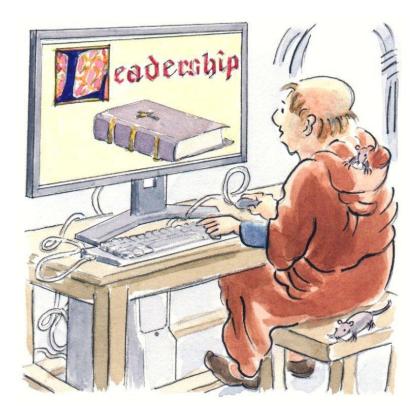


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# **Self-care in ministry**

# How to serve without going under



St Albans Diocese IME2 - 6<sup>th</sup> July 2024

These notes are also available as a digital file at <u>https://www.john-truscott.co.uk/News</u> and then the item for today's date.

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# **Introduction: Four aspects of your life**

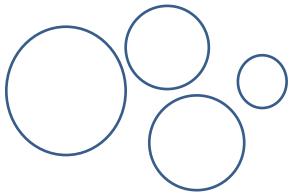
How do you fit them together?

Welcome to today's sessions, whether you are a Curate or a Reader, on how we manage ourselves in the stress of life

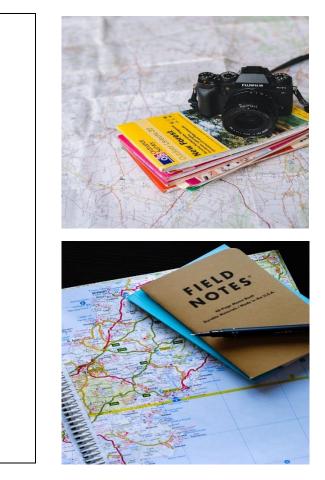
There are lots of back-up materials in the **Resources section of my website**, all of which are available to you without charge. You will find the main index page at <u>https://www.john-truscott.co.uk/Resources</u>.

But let's start with four circles. Label them

- **Your life** (yourself, your history, your family and friends)
- Your ministry (as Curate or Reader)
- Your discipleship (as a follower of Jesus Christ)
- Your employment (only add a fourth circle if you *also* have a paid job to do as SSM, Reader, etc.)



Your task is to draw three (or four) circles in the space below to represent each of these, choosing appropriate sizes for the circles and an appropriate layout where the circles exist separately, overlap, or fit within each other in some way. What exactly the circles you draw represent is entirely up to you. This is an issue of how you perceive yourself and there is no right answer as such. You might like to return to this at the end of our sessions today. I will explain the two pictures on the right.



# A: Big picture thinking

The first need is for a clear context for your life and work

You cannot control your ministry and your life if you have no clear context in which you are working. First, others will control it for you. Secondly, you will have no criteria to enable you to plan the detail. Here are two possible approaches to determining a personal 'big picture'.

# A1: A typical planning process – but for your life

You may be used to ideas of purpose, values, vision, etc. for an organisation, but what about applying them first to you, and only secondly to your church(es)? Here is a jargon-proof set of questions *(with some explanation for those who cannot survive without the normal words!).* 

1 What do I long to see happen?

The 'big picture' vision for my life

- 2\* Why am I here? The purpose question – but it is worth including negatives
- 3 What am I aiming to do, and for whom? An alternative for Q2
- 4\* What is the distinctive way I go about things? This is a 'values' question
- 5 What is my story so far? The need to 'remember', and the value of a personal 'time-line'
- 6\* **What might God do through me?** The main 'vision' question, but actually one of faith and prayer
- 7 What are the main options open to me as I work towards this? This is an issue of making choices
- 8 **What resources do I have and need?** Internal (eg. health, skills) and external (eg. people, finance)
- 9\* Where do I plan to get to this year? This is what I term 'aims' – steps towards the 'vision'
- 10 What are the stepping-stones towards these points? Precise points by date or other measurable feature, what I term 'targets'
- 11 **Where may I get it wrong?** A very Christian question to ask at this point
- 12\* Where have I got to? The issue of review
- \* These form the key sequence of purpose, values, vision, aims and review. See Article A4, *Twelve questions to help you plan,* in the Resources section of my website for an application for a church as opposed to you.

Which one or two (no more) of the above questions do you feel you most need to ask now? And why?

**A2:** Using the Ordinal From Training Notes TN78 in the Resources section of my website. Here is a second idea, this time for your ministry rather than for your whole life.

### Your role

Your role is to lead God's people in the offering of praise and the proclamation of the gospel.... You are to be a servant and a shepherd among the people to whom you are sent. You are to be a messenger, sentinel and steward of the Lord.

## Your responsibilities

#### 1 To proclaim the gospel

You are to lead Christ's people in proclaiming the gospel, so that the good news of salvation may be heard in every place.....

#### 2 To baptise new disciples

You are to baptise new disciples in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Spirit, and to walk with them in the way of Christ, nurturing them in the faith.

#### 3 To teach the Scriptures

You are to teach and to admonish, to feed and provide for God's family, With others you are to make clear the Scriptures, to preach the word in season and out of season....

#### 4 **To lead in worship**

You are to preside at the Lord's table and, with others, to lead his people in worship, offering with them a spiritual sacrifice of praise and thanksgiving....

#### 5 To minister to the world

You are to resist evil, support the weak, defend the poor and intercede for all in need. You are to minister to the sick and prepare the dying for their death.

#### 6 To foster people's gifts

Guided by the Spirit, you are to discern and foster the gifts of all God's people, that the whole Church may be built up in unity and faith.

#### 7 To stir up your own gift

You are in, the strength of the Holy Spirit, continually to stir up the gift of God that is in you, to make Christ known among all whom you serve....

#### 8 To accept discipline

You are to accept the discipline of this Church and respect authority duly exercised within it and, when necessary and with others, to minister such discipline yourself.

#### 9 To order your life

You are to be diligent in prayer, in reading the Scriptures, and in all studies that will deepen your faith and fit you to bear witness to the truth of the gospel. You are to fashion your own life and that of your household according to the way of Christ....

Remember always with thanksgiving that you are entrusted with the privilege of leading Christ's own flock, bought by the shedding of his blood on the cross. It is to him that you will be accountable for your stewardship of his people.

You cannot bear the weight of this calling in your own strength, but only by the grace and power of God. Pray therefore that your love of people and your understanding of the Scriptures may grow daily. Pray earnestly for the gift of the Holy Spirit.

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# A3: A reflection on time

Here are some statements about time management to consider when you have some, er, time. Ponder each one. Take your time to think about each carefully – there really is no hurry!

1 Time is the one commodity we all have in exactly equal measure. You cannot add one second to, or subtract one second from, the 86,400 we have each day.



- 2 But life is fragile and none of us has any idea how many more days we have available to us from this moment on. Several famous achievers died at an early age.
- 3 Time is a gift from God. It is a gift we can use, or one we can squander. Those who realise this most are probably those who have been close to death at some point.
- 4 'Time management' is therefore a meaningless idea. Time is fixed. It is our life or ourselves that we manage within the time that we have.
- 5 Some people have expectations as to what they should achieve that are simply not possible. These lead to feelings of guilt and despair. Jesus Christ said that he had finished the work that God had given him, yet thousands remained untaught, unhealed and unfed.
- 6 Once time has been wasted, it is impossible to replay the DVD. This is a subject more of personal discipline than slick techniques.
- 7 Any group will include those with a wide variety of approaches to life and ability to achieve. We are not necessarily wrong, just different (and, often, married to each other!).
- 8 Your own hyper-efficient life-style (if that could describe you) may depress other people who cannot keep up with you. Your very busyness may be a cause of great trouble to them.
- 9 Your own laid-back approach to time-keeping (if that could describe you) may cause others great difficulty (eg. when you miss a deadline they were depending on).
- 10 Scripture tells Christians to live life within the context of the Second Coming of Jesus Christ in glory. That is the time context for our discipleship.

Matthew 6:27 (see No.1 in the list) "Can any one of you by worrying add a single hour to your life?"

John 17:4 (see No.5) "I have brought you glory on earth by finishing the work you gave me to do."

Galatians 5:22,23 (see No.6) But the fruit of the Spirit is .... self-control.

**2 Peter 3:10-13** (see No.10) ....Since everything will be destroyed in this way, what kind of people ought you to be? You ought to live holy and godly lives ...

# **B:** The stress of Christian service

... but is this the word we ought to use?

## **B1: Stress or distress?**

Stress is a mechanical word – distress is the medical term we often mean.

- 1 Some stress is essential for health (consider a violin, or human muscles).
- 2 Some stress is creative (consider 'flight', or adrenalin).
- 3 Some stress is not so good. "Our inability to cope (and achieve and find satisfaction) with the demands and expectations placed upon us."
- 4 What is an enjoyable thrill for one person may be real distress for another.

## A balanced life requires

- outputs to expend energy and challenge us (putting us under right stress);
- rest and recovery (sleep and relaxation);
- recreation (physical, enjoyable, intellectual, spiritual discipleship);
- routines (daily essentials, care for our relationships both for singles and marrieds)

How might this apply in ministry?

For an idea of discussing 'time off' with lay leaders, see Training Notes TN106, *Talk about taking time 'off'*, in the Resources section of my website.

## Factors in society that affect levels of distress

- 1 choices (food shopping, liturgical services, etc.);
- 2 change (life used to we thought carry on year by year);
- 3 clergy profile (the goldfish bowl in the local community);
- 4 relationships (are far more complicated than once);
- 5 ourselves (personality, experience, relationships, health, mind, spirituality);
- 6 email and social media.

Consider also our partnership with others in the above, our control over each of them, and the timing or multiplicity of such factors.

Study *Holmes and Rahe tables* (Google them) to get an interesting idea of what events supposedly have greatest impact on distress (but don't go into too much detail on the scores). Problems become more obvious when stress in your family added to stress in your parish added to stress in yourself comes to a total greater than you can be comfortable with.

The material in this section is adapted from Training Notes TN67, *Stress and the Christian worker*, in the Resources section of my website.

### Workplace stressors for a Christian Minister

Which of these are dangerous for you just now? Some are clear, others more subtle.

- 1 Open-ended opportunities no neat boundaries
- 2 High levels of emotion funerals, upfront, conflict
- 3 Critics and bullies the underbelly of congregational life
- 4 Secular environment whether inner-city, suburban or rural
- 5 Solo working no real team to share with, working from home



- 6 Long hours with financial pressure with little escape
- 7 High expectations from different groups of people
- 8 An environment of failure national pressures, falling numbers
- 9 Poor management little real care for many clergy and Readers
- 10 Sense of inadequacy colleagues who seem successful
- 11 The diocese and parish finance paying share, keeping afloat
- 12 Building issues maintenance of historical treasures
- 13 And of course, Covid and lockdowns they have impacted churches more than we think
- 14 Church members no longer offering their time post-Covid

Where might the idea of spiritual warfare fit? Within the above list or as a separate category? What might that look like?

# **B2: Signs of distress**

## Ten distress signals from our bodies ... from the top down

- Tension headaches or migraines
- ☺ Dry throat or neck pains
- ⊗ Chest tightness
- ☺ Breathlessness / sweating
- Bapid or erratic or forceful heartbeat
- ⊗ Muscle tension / back pain
- Indigestion / wind
- Changes in bowel movements
- ☺ Frequent need to pass urine
- Pins and needles in legs or arms

What about you? What affects you most?

### Ten behavioural reactions

- ☺ Feeling tired and drained
- ⊗ Not sleeping well
- Seeling tense, frightened or tearful
- Irritable or aggressive with mood swings
- ☺ Indecisive and complaining
- Seelings of failure and unnecessary worry
- S Change in appetite, libido or menstrual pattern
- lncrease in drinking, smoking, use of pills
- Output Section 2018 Section
- Poor work judgement or accident prone

And you, as before?

### **Five spiritual reactions**

- B Lack of desire to pray or read Bible
- Seelings of worthlessness and sinfulness
- Seelings of guilt and hypocrisy
- ⊗ Wanting to avoid God
- S Wanting to hide from other Christians

NB: None of these symptoms immediately implies distress. And all anxiety produces these appropriate reactions. They become alarm bells if they go over a limit.

#### Possible organisational reactions (study, diary, etc.)

Check out Article A25, *Working from home,* in the Resources section of the website.

## **B3:** How can you reduce distress?

Apart from any specific solutions:

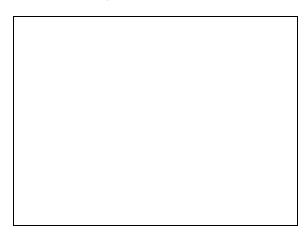
- 1 Understand how God has made you; he loves you as you are. Seek him above all else. Study the Psalms.
- 2 Identify your main ministry stressors and seek ways to minimise them. Write out a plan for how you might achieve this.
- 3 Seek medical or Christian help if you are distressed. This is not weakness.
- 4 Seek to keep morale high, avoiding crises and multiple tasks where possible.
- 5 Improve the working environment as far as you can: nature, tidiness, whatever. A day sorting the study/house may have a significant impact on your stress.
- 6 Have a life outside the parish, take time to do what you enjoy which has nothing to do with church.
- 7 Value and use your family and close friends. Do not isolate yourself. Take part in some kind of group activity if you live alone.
- 8 Make time for yourself, both body and mind: diet, exercise, sleep, reading. Fall back on to the Sabbath principle. Take proper time off especially if you cannot afford to.
- 9 Structure your day more tightly with fixed times for certain activities. Take a monastic approach to the day.
- 10 Use the tools we shall discuss in the next section of today's event: a planning retreat, a 'To Do Diary', saying 'no', etc.

11

12

### **Biblical stress**

Consider the Gospels. What were the particular stressors that Jesus was living under during his three years of ministry? And what can we learn from how he handled these? OR study St Paul's attitude to stressors in 2 Corinthians chapters 4 and 11 (and other chapters too).





# **C:** Five key ideas to control stress

Only now are we ready for some practical ideas

# C1: 'Planning retreats'

You cannot do this kind of thinking on the job. Most of us need time away from all distractions. Hence the idea of a regular 'planning retreat'. The agenda is to REVIEW, PRAY and PLAN. So:

- A day or part-day away six times a year
- A termly 36-hour event
- An annual few days on your own

You may want to use

- A friend's house or a cottage somewhere in the country
- A retreat house of any kind
- Just going out for a long walk not too close to home.

If you work best in a team setting, you may want to adjust this idea and go away as a team or with one or two of those you know from your college days. But the key points are that:

- This is neither 'a management session' nor a 'retreat' but a 'planning retreat'!
- It needs to go in the diary early on and not be bullied by more urgent needs.
- You need to go 'away' from your normal environment and from distractions.
- The longer the better include at least one night away if that is possible.

For further thinking on this, read Training Notes TN54, *Creating space for a Planning Retreat*, on the website.

What decision could you take today that will eventually result in your having a planning retreat?

Article	S
A4 A25 A27 A36/37 A51	Twelve questions to help you plan – <i>revised into a slightly different context on page 1 above</i> Working from home – boundaries, discipline and space Reliability in ministry – for administrators and leaders Sorting out your study – the space and the stuff in the room The 'To Do Diary' guide
Trainin	ng Notes
TN6 TN7 TN11 TN23 TN40 TN43 TN54 TN57 TN62 TN67 TN70 TN78 TN70 TN78 TN84 TN106 TN112 TN151	The Minister's role in larger churches Ideas for how to make time for life Keeping a time log How to do 'To Do' lists – <i>see page 11 in these notes</i> Appointing a Church Administrator Did Jesus use an iPhone? – essential reading to back up today's material Creating space for a Planning Retreat – <i>see this page</i> ! Clear your clutter! Know what distracts you Stress and the Christian worker – the main website resource on this theme Do's and don'ts for a new leader The role of a church leader – <i>this is the background to page 2 in these notes</i> How to say 'No' when you should – <i>see page 10 in these notes</i> Talk about taking time 'off' Set my leaders free! Loss of leadership passion

## C2: The art of saying 'No' .... with grace and without guilt

We need to understand something about expectations placed on us:

- 1: Our own
- 2: The diocese
- 3: Our colleagues
- 4: Our parish
- 5: Our church members
- 6: Our family and friends

# Why you may find it so hard to say 'No'



## Assess the request

- Listen carefully
- Ask questions
- Activate the pause button
- Give yourself time and space to pray and ponder
- Consult your 'team'
- Beware agreeing to something in the distant future
- Block off activity time in your diary
- Check out alternatives
- Check out the urgency
- Make suggestions for next time

## Ask yourself questions of:

- Priority
- Promises
- Time taken
- Completion date
- Enjoyment
- Preventing others
- Hurting others
- Pressure
- Replacement
- Developments

And remember, it is better to say 'No' now .... than 'Yes' and fail to deliver.

## How to say 'No'

- 1 Say something positive first
- 2 Say the actual word 'No'
- 3 Smile
- 4 Never lie but do not give too much away
- 5 Don't over-apologise or feel guilty

For more on this theme, see Training Notes TN84, How to say 'No' when you should, on the website.

# C3: The 'To Do Diary'

### **Key principles**

- 1 You keep your engagements and your desk work together on the same page, listing *everything* you need to do even if just reminders or minor actions.
- 2 You have three page sections to each diary day: *Timed Engagements* (TE), *Main Tasks* (MT) and *Quick Actions* (QA). You expect MTs to take 45 minutes or more, and QA to take up to 30 minutes but often just 5 minutes.



- 3 In any one day the time taken by TE + MT + QA must be *less than the hours available to you*. If a day is already full and you are expected to add an additional TE (a suddenly called staff meeting for example), then MT and/or QA must be reduced.
- 4 In fact you want to leave timed space in each day for *interruptions* and unexpected items. The amount that it is wise to leave will vary person to person.
- 5 You expect to *move things* around a bit from day to day.
- 6 When not on a TE, you tackle your MTs and QAs. You *celebrate each achievement* by ticking the list or whatever.
- 7 At the end of the day you deal with *each item not ticked*: by transferring them to another page within issues of urgency and importance, or dropping them altogether.
- 8 You then draw a line through the whole page and go to bed with **NOTHING OUTSTANDING**.

### 'Quick Actions' examples

This is the section that can really enable reliability. It's the game changer for me. Many of them are just reminders and each one you expect to take no more than half an hour with several taking less than five minutes.

- Action reminders someone you need to speak to who is currently unavailable, a staff member who wants you to remind him/her next week, a payment to make next month.
- Awaiting response expecting an email reply you don't want to lose track of, you send out an order due for delivery in one week, you feel you need to remind another member of staff of something they have promised you.
- Recurring actions a reminder to your small group of the next fortnightly meeting, elderly people who rely on a pastoral call from you each month, check stationery supplies once a month. (Use the 'diarise' function.)
- Keeping promises you promise to pray as a friend goes into hospital next week, you tell the staff meeting you will sort something out.
- Spreading the work breaking a major job into short bursts and diarising one a day next week, you want to check over the article you wrote yesterday before you send it off
- Sudden thoughts you are busy but suddenly think of someone who needs a call from you, you spot someone at church but did not get a chance to speak to them.

- Far-ahead reminders you want to send a family member a birthday card on schedule, someone asks you to follow up on them in three months' time, you 've just put your last printer cartridge into your printer.
- Personal tasks you need to book the car in for service, you need a reminder about your child's school test in maths, you promised to get the car washed before the weekend.

For further detail on this idea, see Training Notes TN23, *How to do 'To Do' lists* for an outline or, for fuller detail, Article A51, *The 'To Do Diary' guide,* on the website.

# C4: A monthly calendar

The idea here is to plan your year month by month. This then feeds into the To Do Diary.

### Think 'aims' - specific projects

Your role is at heart fairly static, but within that context you need specific priorities or aims for each period (say, each year). Most of these will be what you want to achieve by a given date.

If you have clear priorities in life or ministry, where do you need to get to by, say, this time next year? This is bringing the big picture planning down in scale.

Aims change year by year, unlike purpose. They can include ideas of activity, relationships, seasonal issues, personal discipleship. In a parish you might have specific aims you wish to achieve by the time you move on.

My aims for this calendar year

#### Then add dated events throughout the year

You may have specific deadlines you need to meet at various points in the year. These might include

- Deadlines that are some way ahead: eg. special services or speaking engagements, booking your family holiday, planning your move from curacy (if applicable).
- Regular activities not to be forgotten: eg. a bimonthly magazine article deadline.
- Monthly/weekly activity that needs to be fitted in: eg. sermon preparation, claiming expenses.

#### And so: a monthly calendar

This acts as a monthly reminder of out-of-the-ordinary activity. It does not give specific dates (we get to that in a minute) but lists what needs to be done that month.

This is the half-way stage between the big picture priorities for the year and the daily detailed activity. It links the two.

It is NOT putting exact dates on when you do stuff but does show monthly deadlines by when you intend to have it done.

## C5: Planning for interruptions, pack/unpack, time off

Interruptions can be what you are in ministry for, or distractions from what you should be doing. It's vital to know the difference! For the latter it helps to state your availability and stick to it, to stand up rather than sit down (in person or on the phone) and have a plan for those who interrupt regularly (especially work colleagues).

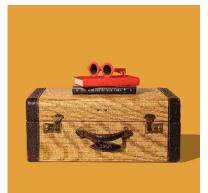
#### Interruptions you regard as part of your ministry and accept / welcome

Budget time for them – these are your ministry

#### Interruptions you feel you must manage and deal with in other ways

Many clergy leave little planned time for event preparation and none for unpacking afterwards.

# Pack and unpack time needs to go in the diary for every event



But one of the biggest killers is the lack of time 'off', daily, weekly and annually. Issues to consider:

- 1 Location especially when the home is the workplace
- 2 Length of time the evening before the day, a two-week break once a year
- 3 Emails, phone, social media is it right to do screen work on holiday?
- 4 The value of rhythm in daily life consider the monastic life

Refer back to p4 and see Training Notes TN62, *Know what distracts* you, and TN106, *Talk about taking time 'off'*, in the Resources section of my website.

#### Every Christian worker needs to study and apply the Sabbath principle

# Action plan

So what are you going to do about it?

The main lessons I have learned in this material

Some new ideas which I have picked up

The main actions I need to take now as a result

The people I need to talk to in connection with this

The time I shall set aside (within one week) to review my notes and plans

My target for achievement by Christmas 2024

Visit my website at https://www.john-truscott.co.uk and see the Resources section for various items (downloadable without charge) relevant to today's theme. Ask to come on to my mailing list so you receive notification of new items six times a year.

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